

WRITING IN GENERAL AND THE SHORT STORY IN PARTICULAR Study Guide

Writing in general and the short story in particular are fundamental aspects of human communication and artistic expression. Throughout history, writing has served as a vital tool for sharing ideas, telling stories, preserving culture, and inspiring change. Among the various forms of writing, the short story stands out as a unique, concise, and impactful genre that continues to captivate readers and writers alike. In this article, we will explore the art of writing broadly, delve into the specifics of short stories, and discuss why this genre holds a special place in literature.

Understanding Writing in General

The Significance of Writing

Writing is a versatile form of communication that transcends spoken language, allowing individuals to record thoughts, emotions, and information across generations. Its significance includes:

- Preserving history and culture
- Facilitating education and learning
- Enabling self-expression and creativity
- Supporting business, technology, and scientific advancements
- Fostering social change and awareness

The Elements of Effective Writing

Effective writing combines clarity, coherence, and creativity. Key elements include:

- **Purpose:** Understanding the goal of the writing (inform, entertain, persuade)
- **Audience:** Tailoring language and style to the target readers
- **Structure:** Organizing ideas logically with introductions, body, and conclusions
- **Language and Style:** Using appropriate vocabulary, tone, and voice
- **Revision:** Refining drafts to improve clarity, coherence, and impact

The Writing Process

The process of writing typically involves:

- Pre-writing: brainstorming, research, outlining
- Drafting: creating the initial version
- Revising: improving content, structure, and style
- Editing: correcting grammar, punctuation, and spelling
- Publishing: sharing the final piece with an audience

The Short Story: A Distinctive Literary Genre

What is a Short Story?

A short story is a brief work of fiction, typically ranging from 1,000 to 7,500 words, designed to evoke a single emotion or impression. Unlike novels, which explore complex plots and multiple characters over many pages, short stories focus on a specific moment, event, or character insight, making them a powerful and accessible form of storytelling.

The Characteristics of Short Stories

Some defining traits include:

- **Conciseness:** Every word counts; brevity is key
- **Focus:** Usually centers around a single incident or theme
- **Impact:** Aims to evoke strong emotional or intellectual responses
- **Unity:** All elements work together to reinforce the main idea
- **Open-endedness:** Often leaves the reader with something to ponder

The History and Evolution of the Short Story

The short story as a literary form has roots in oral storytelling traditions and can be traced back to ancient folklore. Its modern incarnation gained prominence in the 19th century with writers like Edgar Allan Poe, Nathaniel Hawthorne, and Anton Chekhov, who demonstrated how brevity could be used to craft profound narratives. Over time, the genre expanded to include diverse styles and themes, reflecting societal changes and literary innovations.

Crafting a Short Story: Tips and Techniques

Choosing a Theme or Central Idea

Start with a clear idea or emotion you wish to explore. Whether it's love, fear, hope, or conflict, your theme will guide the story's development.

Creating Memorable Characters

Even in brief stories, characters should be well-defined. Focus on a few key traits or a pivotal moment that reveals their essence.

Plot Development and Structure

A typical short story often follows a basic structure:

- **Introduction:** Sets the scene and introduces characters
- **Conflict or Inciting Incident:** Presents the challenge or problem
- **Climax:** The turning point or most intense moment
- **Resolution:** Concludes the story, often with a twist or reflection

Use of Language and Style

Concise, vivid language enhances the emotional impact. Show, don't tell?use imagery, symbolism, and dialogue to convey meaning subtly.

Editing and Refinement

Given the brevity of short stories, revision is crucial. Cut unnecessary words, clarify ideas, and ensure every element serves the story's purpose.

The Importance of Reading and Writing Short Stories

Benefits for Writers

Writing short stories can:

- Improve narrative skills and precision
- Encourage experimentation with style and genre
- Provide opportunities for publication and recognition
- Help develop a unique voice and storytelling technique

Benefits for Readers

Reading short stories offers:

- Quick, immersive literary experiences
- Exposure to diverse cultures and perspectives
- Insights into human nature and societal issues
- Inspiration for aspiring writers

Conclusion: The Enduring Relevance of Short Stories

Writing and reading in general, and short stories in particular, remain vital parts of the literary landscape. Short stories challenge writers to craft impactful narratives within constraints, fostering creativity, precision, and emotional depth. For readers, they provide a compact yet profound window into the human experience, often leaving a lasting impression. Whether as a hobby, a stepping stone for aspiring writers, or a cherished genre for seasoned authors, the art of short story writing continues to thrive, enriching our cultural fabric and personal understanding.

Final Thoughts

If you are interested in exploring the craft of writing, starting with short stories can be an excellent approach. Their brevity encourages experimentation, helps refine storytelling skills, and offers immediate gratification through quick completion and publication. Embrace the challenge, find your voice, and let your stories contribute to the rich tapestry of world literature.

Writing in General and the Short Story in Particular

In the vast landscape of human expression, writing stands as one of the most enduring and versatile tools for communication, reflection, and storytelling. From ancient cave paintings to modern digital blogs, the act of writing has evolved, yet its core purpose remains constant: to convey ideas, evoke emotions, and capture the human experience. Among the many forms that writing takes, the short story holds a unique place—compact yet profound, concise yet rich in meaning. This article explores the art and craft of writing broadly, with a particular focus on the short story as a distinctive literary form.

The Essence of Writing: An Art and a Discipline

Writing as a Creative and Analytical Process

At its core, writing is both an act of creativity and an exercise in discipline. It involves transforming raw thoughts, feelings, and observations into a structured form that resonates with readers. Writers draw upon their imagination, experiences, and knowledge to craft narratives, arguments, or reflections. Simultaneously, writing demands clarity, coherence, and precision—traits that require practice and critical engagement.

The creative aspect allows writers to invent worlds, develop characters, and explore themes beyond the constraints of reality. Conversely, the analytical side involves editing, revising, and refining to ensure the message is effectively communicated. Successful writing balances these elements, creating work that is both emotionally compelling and intellectually rigorous.

The Evolution of Writing Through History

Writing has evolved alongside human civilization, reflecting cultural shifts and technological advancements:

- Ancient Beginnings: Early scripts like cuneiform and hieroglyphs served administrative and ceremonial purposes.
- Classical and Medieval Periods: Literature flourished with epic poems, religious texts, and philosophical treatises.
- The Printing Revolution: The invention of the printing press democratized access to written works, fostering literacy and dissemination.
- Modern Era: Digital technology has revolutionized writing, enabling instant publishing, multimedia integration, and global connectivity.

Despite these changes, the fundamental goal remains: to connect individuals across time and space through words.

The Short Story: A Focused Form of Literary Expression

Defining the Short Story

The short story is a brief work of fiction, typically ranging from a few hundred to several thousand words. Its hallmark is its economy?every word, scene, and character serves a purpose. Unlike novels, which allow for extensive development and complex plots, short stories rely on brevity to deliver a concentrated impact.

Some defining features include:

- Conciseness: Limited length necessitates tight storytelling.
- Single Effect: Many short stories aim to evoke a particular emotion or insight.
- Unity of Theme: Focus on a single idea or moment.
- Focus on a Moment or Character: Often centers around a pivotal event or a specific character's experience.

Famous writers such as Edgar Allan Poe, Anton Chekhov, and Alice Munro have mastered the art of the short story, demonstrating its potential for depth and resonance within a compact form.

The Art of Crafting a Short Story

Creating an effective short story involves careful planning and execution:

- Choosing a Central Theme or Idea: The story should revolve around a core concept that provides meaning and direction.
 - Developing Characters Quickly: With limited space, characters must be sketched with precision, often through revealing details or actions.
 - Constructing a Strong Opening: Engaging the reader immediately with a compelling scene or question.
 - Building Tension and Conflict: Even within a brief narrative, conflict drives the story forward.
 - Climactic Moment: The story typically culminates in a turning point that delivers emotional or thematic payoff.
 - Resolving or Leaving Ambiguity: Depending on the intent, the story can offer resolution or invite reflection through ambiguity.
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- Start with an intriguing hook.
 - Introduce characters and setting efficiently.
 - Build tension through escalating events.
 - Deliver a powerful climax.
 - Conclude with a thought-provoking or resonant ending.

The Importance of Economy and Precision

Every word in a short story carries weight. Writers often employ techniques such as:

- Show, Don't Tell: Using actions and dialogue to reveal character and mood.
- Symbolism and Imagery: Conveying layers of meaning through vivid descriptions.
- Selective Detail: Focusing on details that enhance themes or character development.
- Pacing: Managing rhythm to sustain interest and build toward the climax.

Mastering these techniques results in stories that linger with readers long after the final line.

The Broader Context: Writing as a Reflection of Society

Writing, including the short story, often mirrors societal values, struggles, and aspirations. It can serve as a mirror, a critique, or a catalyst for change. Writers draw inspiration from their environment, confronting issues such as identity, morality, politics, and human rights.

The short story, with its focus on a snapshot in time, often captures the subtleties of everyday life, making it a powerful tool for social commentary. For example, stories that explore themes of alienation, conflict, or resilience reflect the complexities of human existence in diverse contexts.

The Challenges and Rewards of Writing

Common Challenges

- Writer's Block: The struggle to generate ideas or sustain motivation.
- Perfectionism: The tendency to over-edit or doubt one's work.
- Balancing Creativity and Technical Skill: Finding harmony between inspiration and craft.
- Time Management: Making space for writing amid other responsibilities.

The Rewards of Skilled Writing

- Personal Fulfillment: The satisfaction of creating and sharing ideas.
- Emotional Impact: Connecting with readers and evoking empathy.
- Cultural Contribution: Enriching literature and societal discourse.
- Professional Growth: Developing discipline, voice, and critical skills.

Conclusion: Embracing the Power of Words

Writing, in all its forms, is a fundamental aspect of human culture. The short story exemplifies how brevity and precision can produce profound emotional and intellectual effects. Whether you are an aspiring writer or an avid reader, understanding the nuances of writing enhances appreciation and engagement with literature.

In a world saturated with information, the craft of writing remains vital. It challenges us to think deeply, express authentically, and connect meaningfully. As writers continue to explore new frontiers—be it through digital mediums or experimental forms—the timeless allure of storytelling persists, reminding us that words are among our most powerful tools for understanding ourselves and others.

Question What are the key elements that make a short story engaging and effective? A compelling short story typically includes a clear plot, well-developed characters, a concise setting, a

central theme or message, and a strong opening and ending. These elements work together to create an emotional impact and keep the reader engaged within a limited space. How does writing a short story differ from writing a novel? Writing a short story requires brevity and focus, emphasizing a single idea or moment, whereas a novel allows for more complex character development and multiple plotlines. Short stories demand concise language and a sharp, impactful narrative to make every word count. What are some common challenges writers face when crafting short stories? Common challenges include developing fully realized characters within limited space, maintaining narrative tension, avoiding unnecessary detail, and ensuring a satisfying conclusion that resonates with the reader. How can writers improve their storytelling skills in short stories? Writers can improve by reading extensively, practicing brevity, focusing on strong openings, experimenting with different themes and structures, seeking feedback, and revising their work to enhance clarity and emotional impact. Why is the theme important in a short story, and how should it be incorporated? The theme provides the underlying message or insight of the story, giving it depth and meaning. It should be woven naturally into the plot, characters, and setting, allowing readers to reflect on universal truths or ideas through the narrative. What are some current trends in short story writing? Current trends include the use of diverse voices and perspectives, exploring contemporary social issues, experimenting with non-linear structures, incorporating multimedia elements, and blending genres to create innovative storytelling experiences.

Related keywords: writing, short story, storytelling, fiction, narrative, literary craft, creative writing, plot development, characterization, literary techniques

Oracle Fnd Documents Short Text

oracle fnd documents short text is a commonly searched term by Oracle E-Business Suite (EBS) users and administrators seeking concise information about FND (Foundation) documents within the Oracle environment. Understanding how to efficiently access, interpret, and manage these short texts is crucial for maintaining seamless application functionality, troubleshooting issues, and ensuring effective communication across modules. This article provides an in-depth exploration of Oracle FND documents short text, covering its purpose, structure, usage, and best practices for managing these essential components.

Understanding Oracle FND Documents Short Text

What Are FND Documents?

In Oracle E-Business Suite, FND (Foundation) documents are standardized pieces of data used across various modules to support configuration, messaging, and processing. These documents

often contain essential information such as error messages, labels, descriptions, and short texts that facilitate user interaction and system operations.

The Role of Short Texts in FND Documents

The short text within FND documents serves as a concise, easily understandable snippet of information that summarizes or labels a particular message or data element. This short text is typically used in user interfaces, notifications, and logs to quickly convey the essence of the message without overwhelming users with lengthy descriptions.

Key purposes of FND document short texts include:

- Providing quick, readable labels for form fields or options.
- Summarizing error or informational messages.
- Facilitating localization by enabling easy translation of concise texts.
- Enhancing user experience by reducing clutter and improving clarity.

Structure and Components of FND Documents Short Texts

Basic Structure of FND Documents

FND documents are stored within Oracle EBS's database tables, primarily in the `FND\_DOCUMENTS` and `FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL` tables. These tables contain core information and translations, respectively.

Key tables involved:

- `FND\_DOCUMENTS`: Stores document identifiers, types, and core attributes.
- `FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL`: Stores translated or localized text for different languages.

Components of Short Texts

A typical FND document short text consists of:

- Document Name/ID: Unique identifier for the document.
- Language Code: Specifies the language for the short text.
- Short Text Content: The concise message or label.
- Description: Additional details, often optional.

- Effective Dates: Validity period of the short text.

Example:

Column Name	Description
-----	-----
DOCUMENT_NAME	Unique identifier like 'ERR_INV001'
LANGUAGE_CODE	'US' for English (United States)
SHORT_TEXT	'Invalid input'
DESCRIPTION	'Error message for invalid user input'
START_DATE	Date from which the text is valid
END_DATE	Date until the text is valid

Usage of FND Document Short Texts in Oracle EBS

Application in User Interface

Short texts are used extensively in forms, menus, and notifications to:

- Display labels for fields.
- Show error messages or warnings.
- Present status updates or informational messages.

Example: When a user enters invalid data, the system may display a short text like "Input error" to communicate the issue promptly.

Application in Messaging and Logging

Short texts facilitate quick identification of messages in system logs, aiding in troubleshooting and auditing.

Localization and Multilingual Support

Because short texts are stored with language codes, they support localization efforts, enabling the interface and messages to adapt to users' language preferences.

Managing FND Documents Short Texts

Creating and Updating Short Texts

To create or modify short texts, administrators typically:

- Use Oracle Applications Developer or similar tools.
- Access the `FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL` table directly via SQL for advanced management.
- Use the Oracle EBS System Administrator responsibilities to manage translations and texts.

Steps to create a new short text:

- Define a unique document name or ID.
- Specify the language code.
- Enter the concise message in the `SHORT\_TEXT` field.
- Set the effective date range.
- Save the record to make it available system-wide.

Best Practices for Managing Short Texts

- Consistency: Use standardized language and terminology across all texts.
- Clarity: Keep messages brief but informative.
- Localization: Ensure translations are accurate and contextually appropriate.
- Version Control: Track changes and maintain historical records for audit purposes.
- Validation: Regularly review short texts for relevance and correctness.

Common Tools and Techniques

- Application Developer: For creating and editing documents within the Oracle EBS interface.
- SQL Scripts: For bulk updates or extraction of short texts.
- FNDLOAD Utility: A command-line tool for exporting/importing document definitions, including short texts.
- Workflow and Notifications: Incorporate short texts into workflows for automated messaging.

Best Practices and Troubleshooting

Ensuring Data Integrity

- Regularly validate the consistency of short texts across different languages.
- Maintain proper date ranges to avoid displaying outdated messages.

Handling Missing or Incorrect Short Texts

- Verify if the document exists in `FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL`.
- Check effective dates and language codes.
- Use SQL queries to identify missing translations, e.g.:

```
```sql
```

```
SELECT FROM FND_DOCUMENTS_TL
```

```
WHERE DOCUMENT_NAME = 'ERR_INV001'
```

```
AND LANGUAGE_CODE = 'US';
```

```
```
```

- Update or add missing entries as needed.

Performance Optimization

- Index the `FND\_DOCUMENTS\_TL` table on document name and language code.
- Clean up obsolete or unused texts periodically.

Conclusion

Oracle FND documents short text is a vital element in the Oracle E-Business Suite ecosystem, contributing significantly to user interface clarity, system messaging, and localization efforts. Proper management of these short texts ensures a more efficient and user-friendly environment, reduces errors, and enhances overall system performance. Whether you're a system administrator, developer, or functional consultant, understanding the structure, usage, and management of FND

document short texts is essential for maintaining a robust Oracle EBS deployment.

Key Takeaways:

- Short texts are concise messages stored within FND documents.
- They support localization, usability, and troubleshooting.
- Proper management involves creation, updates, validation, and periodic review.
- Tools like FNDLOAD and SQL scripts facilitate efficient handling.
- Best practices ensure consistency, clarity, and system integrity.

By mastering the concepts and techniques outlined in this article, Oracle EBS users and administrators can optimize the use and management of FND document short texts, leading to improved system performance and user satisfaction.

Oracle FND Documents Short Text: An In-Depth Review and Guide

Oracle E-Business Suite's Foundation (FND) module plays a pivotal role in managing core system functionalities, including security, user management, and configuration. Among its myriad features, the handling and management of FND documents short text is a critical aspect that often puzzles users and administrators alike. This comprehensive review aims to demystify what FND documents short text entails, its significance, management practices, common issues, and best practices to optimize its use within Oracle EBS.

Understanding Oracle FND Documents Short Text

What is FND Documents Short Text?

FND Documents Short Text is a concise, descriptive field used within Oracle E-Business Suite to provide brief, meaningful summaries or titles for various documents, records, or transactions stored within the FND schema. It acts as a quick reference or identifier, allowing users to easily recognize and differentiate documents without delving into detailed content.

Typically, this short text:

- Serves as a summary or caption for a document, record, or transaction.
- Is stored in the FND_DOCUMENTS table, primarily in the SHORT_TEXT column.
- Is used across multiple modules, especially in areas like approvals, notifications, and document management.

This field is designed to enhance usability by providing a human-readable, easily scannable label, which is essential in environments handling thousands of documents and records.

The Role and Significance of Short Text in Oracle FND

Why is Short Text Important?

The short text attribute plays several vital roles within the Oracle EBS environment:

- Quick Identification: It allows users to quickly identify the purpose or nature of a document without opening detailed records.
- Improved User Experience: Simplifies navigation and search processes, especially in approval workflows or when retrieving documents.
- Reporting & Auditing: Facilitates reporting by providing meaningful labels that can be used in queries, logs, and audit trails.
- Consistency & Standardization: Ensures that documents are labeled uniformly, aiding in compliance and process standardization.

Typical Use Cases

- Document Management: Short text labels for uploaded or generated documents such as invoices, receipts, or correspondence.
- Workflow Approvals: Brief descriptions of approval requests or notifications.
- Error & Exception Tracking: Short descriptions of issues or alerts generated within the system.
- Custom Records: User-defined documents or records created via custom modules or extensions.

Managing FND Documents Short Text

Creating and Updating Short Text

Managing the short text effectively involves understanding where and how to set or modify this attribute:

- During Document Creation: When new documents are uploaded or generated via forms, APIs, or custom code, the short text is usually provided as part of the creation process.
- Via API Calls: Developers can set or update the short text using specific APIs like `'FND_DOCUMENTS_PUB.Create_Document'`.

- Manual Updates: Administrators or power users can update the short text directly through SQL scripts or through custom interfaces, with caution.

Best Practices for Managing Short Text

- Use Clear and Concise Descriptions: The short text should be meaningful yet brief, ideally not exceeding 50 characters.
- Maintain Consistency: Follow naming conventions or labeling standards across the organization.
- Update Regularly: When document content or context changes, update the short text to reflect the current status or description.
- Automate When Possible: Use APIs or scripts to populate short text fields during batch processing or integrations, reducing manual errors.

Common Methods to Handle Short Text

- Using SQL: Direct updates via SQL scripts (not recommended unless necessary and with proper backups).
- Using API: Preferred method for creating or updating documents programmatically.
- Using Forms: Oracle EBS forms or custom interfaces designed for document management.

Technical Aspects and Table Structures

FND_DOCUMENTS Table Overview

The core table where document-related data, including short text, is stored is FND_DOCUMENTS. Key columns include:

- DOCUMENT_ID: Unique identifier for each document.
- SHORT_TEXT: The brief description or title of the document.
- FILE_NAME: Name of the uploaded or stored file.
- DOCUMENT_TYPE: Type/category of the document.
- CREATION_DATE: When the document was created.
- LAST_UPDATE_DATE: Last modification timestamp.

Data Integrity and Constraints

- The SHORT_TEXT is typically constrained to a specific length (often 50 characters), ensuring

standardization.

- Proper indexing on DOCUMENT_ID facilitates quick retrieval.
- Referential integrity is maintained via foreign keys to other tables like FND_DOCUMENTS_TL for multilingual support.

Challenges and Common Issues with FND Documents Short Text

1. Inconsistent or Vague Short Texts

- Caused by manual entry errors or lack of standards.
- Leads to difficulty in document identification and retrieval.

2. Length Limitations

- The character limit may restrict descriptive detail.
- Users may resort to abbreviations that can be ambiguous.

3. Multilingual Support Concerns

- When supporting multiple languages, short text must be maintained across translations.
- FND's multilingual tables (e.g., FND_DOCUMENTS_TL) are used, which require careful synchronization.

4. Performance Impact

- Excessively long or numerous short texts can affect query performance, especially in large environments.

5. Synchronization and Data Consistency

- Ensuring that short text updates are reflected across all relevant modules and reports.

Best Practices for Optimizing FND Documents Short Text

1. Standardization

- Develop organizational standards for naming conventions.
- Use templates or predefined phrases to ensure uniformity.

2. Validation

- Implement validation routines to prevent overly long or vague descriptions.
- Use check constraints or application-level validations.

3. Automation

- Leverage APIs for consistent and error-free updates.
- Automate batch updates for large document sets.

4. Multilingual Management

- Maintain translations in FND_DOCUMENTS_TL.
- Use consistent terminology across languages.

5. Regular Audits

- Periodically review documents' short texts for accuracy and relevance.
- Remove or archive outdated descriptions.

Integrating Short Text with Other Oracle EBS Components

Workflow and Approvals

- Short text is often displayed in approval notifications, dashboards, and worklists.
- Proper labeling improves decision-making efficiency.

Reporting and Analytics

- Short text fields are included in reports for summaries and summaries.
- They enable quick filtering and categorization.

Custom Development

- Developers should ensure that custom modules or integrations correctly handle the SHORT_TEXT attribute.
- When creating custom documents or records, always populate the short text for clarity.

Conclusion and Final Thoughts

The FND documents short text field, though seemingly simple, is a fundamental component of Oracle E-Business Suite's document management and communication ecosystem. Its proper management ensures that users can efficiently identify, search, and utilize documents, ultimately contributing to smoother workflows, better compliance, and more effective data management.

To leverage its full potential:

- Emphasize standardization and clarity.
- Use robust APIs and automation tools.
- Maintain multilingual consistency.
- Regularly audit and update descriptions.

By doing so, organizations can significantly enhance their operational efficiency and data clarity within Oracle EBS, avoiding common pitfalls and maximizing the value derived from their document management practices.

In essence, mastering the management of FND documents short text is crucial for administrators, developers, and end-users aiming for a streamlined, consistent, and effective Oracle E-Business Suite environment.

Question What are Oracle FND documents short text used for? Oracle FND documents short text are used to provide concise descriptions or summaries of various components, such as profiles, messages, or setup instructions within the Oracle E-Business Suite, facilitating quick understanding and reference. **How can I modify the short text for an Oracle FND document?** You can modify the short text by accessing the relevant form or table within Oracle Applications, such as the System Profiles or Messages window, and updating the description or text fields accordingly. **Where are Oracle FND documents short texts stored?** Short texts for Oracle FND documents are stored within the database tables associated with the specific modules, such as FND_DEFINITION or FND_MESSAGES, allowing for easy retrieval and management. **Can I customize the short text in Oracle FND documents for different environments?** Yes, customization is possible by updating the short texts in the database or through the Application Developer tools, enabling

environment-specific descriptions or instructions as needed. Are there best practices for managing Oracle FND document short texts? Best practices include maintaining consistency in terminology, documenting changes properly, and ensuring that short texts are clear, concise, and accurately reflect the purpose of the documents to improve user understanding.

Related keywords: oracle fnd documents, oracle fnd guide, oracle fnd user manual, oracle fnd documentation, oracle fnd help, oracle fnd reference, oracle fnd tutorials, oracle fnd setup, oracle fnd administration, oracle fnd support

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